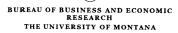
Children, Families, Health, and **Human Services Interim Committee** March 19, 2012



Health Care Markets are Regional

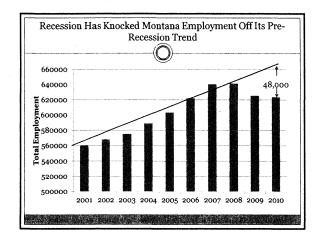
- > In order to understand how future policy changes in health care affect Montanans, we need to know the socio-economic-demographic characteristics of the population and its relationship to health care spending
- > The ACA has brought these changes to the forefront
- > Understanding how consumers of health care, both insured and uninsured, as well as businesses respond to these changes is vital for good policy decision making

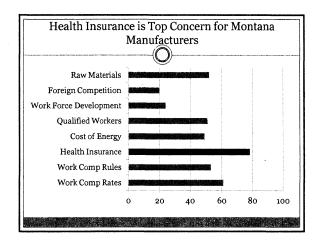
Understanding Montana's Health Care Markets

- BBER-UM will fill in some of the information gaps
- Crucial to understanding how policy changes will affect Montana is to obtain baseline data on the health insurance industry and consumers of health care services
- BBER-UM process is data driven
- Assess how policy will affect Montana using other state/national experiences applied to Montana's circumstances
- · Montana's "circumstances" have changed....

March 19-20, 2012

CHILDREN & FAMILIES INTERIM COMMITTEE March 19, Exhibit 4





Study Objective 1: The Insured, Uninsured, an Underinsured	d
<u> </u>	
 An evaluation of Montana's population by insural status 	nce
G Stratified by income, age, employment and health status	
• Reason(s) for lack of health insurance if uninsure	ed .
Who will be eligible for	
c Medicaid	
 Healthy Montana Kids 	
Premium tax credits and cost sharing	
Projected trends in number of newly insured	
Who will enter the federally facilitated exchange?	

Study Objective 2: Montana's Health Insurance
Market
Plans available, size of market, likelihood carrier will
participate in exchange
Evaluate methods to increase enrollment in FFE
Estimate number eligible for but not enrolled in health insurance plans, public and private
Estimate number eligible for catastrophic plan in FFE
Identification of standardization parameters for
insurance in and out of FFE
Analysis adverse selection risks and mitigation thereof
o Occurs between insurers, benefit plan, markets
Study Objective 3: Assessment of Insurance cycling
in Montana
(O)
Reasons for cycling
How have other states addressed cycling?
Mitigation strategies for cycling
Identify special needs of cycling population
·
Data Obtained via BBER-UM CATI System
• Business Survey (500+) ± 4.3%
• business survey (500+) ± 4.3% • 2003, 2006, and 2011
• Household Survey (2,500+) ± 2.0%
o adapted from SHADAC nationally recognized survey
o began in September 2011 (large sample required for inferences
on relatively rare events)
o cell phone users (disproportionately younger, lower income)
▲ Large enough sample to distinguish from land line sample

• Insurance Carrier Survey o Leif Associates Incorporated

Info to be Gleaned from Business Survey...

- If insurance offered, who is eligible?
 Hours/week, months of employment, top management only, etc.
 If not offered, reasons why?

- · Always offered, if not, why dropped?
- \$ amount paid by employer, employee?
- Deductibles, co-pays, co-insurance, max out-of-pocket?
- Acceptance rate by employees? If opt out, why?
- Dental, Rx, retiree health insurance?
- · Apply for small business tax credits?
- Likelihood of sending employees to federally facilitated exchange?

• Mini-med waiver?

Info Gleaned from Household Survey...

- Health insurance status (public, private, discount plan, specific disease coverage, etc.)
- Health coverage longevity-reason(s) for change
- Why uninsured
- Usual source of care
- ER visits
- Socio-demographic gold mine
- Self reported health status

Family Income as	Eligible for Exchange	Eligible for Cost Sharing Subsidy (if in Silver Plan)?	Fair or Poor Health. Uninsured Adults		
	Credit?				
			30-49 Years Old	50-64 Years Old	
< 138%	Medicaid	Medicaid	26%	38%	
138% - 250%	Yes	Yes	16%	29%	
250% - 400%	Yes	No	11%	23%	
400%+	No	No	9%	12%	

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